

**CITY OF COALINGA**

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT  
AND  
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2021**

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council  
City of Coalinga, California

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Coalinga, California, (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Coalinga, California, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Other Matters**

### *Required Supplementary Information*

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America required to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information on page 47, the Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability on page 48, and the Schedule of Contributions on page 49 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

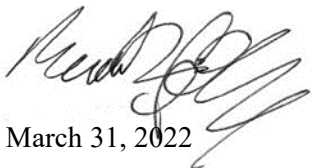
### *Supplementary Information*

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the budgetary comparison schedule for the Coalinga Public Finance Authority Fund are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis is required by Title 2 U.S *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the budgetary comparison schedule for the Coalinga Public Finance Authority Fund are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the budgetary comparison schedule for the Coalinga Public Finance Authority Fund, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### **Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards***

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 30, 2021, on our consideration of the City of Coalinga's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Coalinga's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



March 31, 2022

# CITY OF COALINGA

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
<b>ASSETS</b>			
Cash and investments	\$ 17,885,682	\$ 4,700,927	\$ 22,586,609
Restricted cash with fiscal agent	625,346	8,417,469	9,042,815
Accounts receivable, net	11,571	1,160,786	1,172,357
Interest receivable	1,639,304	1,048	1,640,352
Other receivable	8,154	-	8,154
Prepays	317,454	-	317,454
Due from other governments	4,937,120	-	4,937,120
Internal balances	18,432,000	(18,432,000)	-
Advances to the Successor Agency	510,000	-	510,000
Notes receivable	2,935,849	-	2,935,849
Bonds receivable	619,942	-	619,942
Capital assets, net of allowance for depreciation	25,125,771	17,028,778	42,154,549
Total assets	<u>73,048,193</u>	<u>12,877,008</u>	<u>85,925,201</u>
<b>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>			
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	980,192	271,784	1,251,976
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>980,192</u>	<u>271,784</u>	<u>1,251,976</u>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
Accounts payable	1,604,298	881,855	2,486,153
Accrued liabilities	28,610	-	28,610
Accrued interest payable	155,977	-	155,977
Deposits and claims payable	103,044	38,900	141,944
Unearned revenue	6,662	-	6,662
Long-term liabilities			
Due within one year	470,000	-	470,000
Due in more than one year	21,590,523	-	21,590,523
Net pension liability	943,063	239,456	1,182,519
Compensated absences	154,214	174,407	328,621
Total liabilities	<u>25,056,391</u>	<u>1,334,618</u>	<u>26,391,009</u>
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>			
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	101,182	19,737	120,919
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>101,182</u>	<u>19,737</u>	<u>120,919</u>
<b>NET POSITION</b>			
Net investment in capital assets	3,065,248	8,971,242	12,036,490
Restricted for debt service	24,520,173	-	24,520,173
Restricted for capital improvements	85,317	-	85,317
Restricted for specific projects and programs	10,745,673	-	10,745,673
Unrestricted	10,454,401	2,823,195	13,277,596
Total net position	<u>\$ 48,870,812</u>	<u>\$ 11,794,437</u>	<u>\$ 60,665,249</u>

See accompanying notes.

# CITY OF COALINGA

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Functions/Programs	Expense	Program Revenue		Net Revenue/(Expense) and Changes in Net Position			
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
<b>Primary Government</b>							
Governmental activities							
General government	\$ 1,920,042	\$ 410	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1,919,632)	\$ -	\$ (1,919,632)
Public works	1,398,656	252,623	2,378,429	284,002	1,516,398	-	1,516,398
Community development	635,751	-	-	-	(635,751)	-	(635,751)
Public safety	7,743,709	2,951,225	1,410,428	4,200	(3,377,856)	-	(3,377,856)
Debt Service							
Interest and fiscal charges	1,523,765	-	-	-	(1,523,765)	-	(1,523,765)
Total governmental activities	<u>13,357,887</u>	<u>3,204,258</u>	<u>3,788,857</u>	<u>288,202</u>	<u>(6,076,570)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(6,076,570)</u>
Business-type activities							
Water	5,737,234	5,560,513	-	-	-	(176,721)	(176,721)
Sewer	1,617,163	1,375,097	-	-	-	(242,066)	(242,066)
Natural Gas	2,101,274	1,708,227	-	-	-	(393,047)	(393,047)
Sanitation	2,274,799	2,218,356	2,996	-	-	(53,447)	(53,447)
Total business-type activities	<u>11,730,470</u>	<u>10,862,193</u>	<u>2,996</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(865,281)</u>	<u>(865,281)</u>
<b>Total primary government</b>	<u>\$ 25,088,357</u>	<u>\$ 14,066,451</u>	<u>\$ 3,791,853</u>	<u>\$ 288,202</u>	<u>(6,076,570)</u>	<u>(865,281)</u>	<u>(6,941,851)</u>
<b>General Revenue</b>							
Property taxes					3,302,531	-	3,302,531
Special assessments					19,475	-	19,475
Sales taxes					3,025,610	-	3,025,610
Franchise and other taxes					532,934	-	532,934
Business licenses					145,340	-	145,340
Rents					108,257	22,700	130,957
Interest income					395,034	9,945	404,979
Other					90,478	20,865	111,343
Gain/(loss) on sale of assets					(232,739)	(86,666)	(319,405)
Transfers					322,012	(322,012)	-
Total general revenue and transfers					<u>7,708,932</u>	<u>(355,168)</u>	<u>7,353,764</u>
<b>Change in Net Position</b>					1,632,362	(1,220,449)	411,913
<b>Net Position</b>							
Beginning of year					47,238,450	13,014,886	60,253,336
End of year					<u>\$ 48,870,812</u>	<u>\$ 11,794,437</u>	<u>\$ 60,665,249</u>

See accompanying notes.

# CITY OF COALINGA

## BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	General	Coalinga Public Financing Authority Debt Service Fund	Low-Moderate Housing Asset Special Revenue Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<b>ASSETS</b>					
Cash and investments	\$ 10,948,036	\$ 1,904,554	\$ 1,247,346	\$ 3,785,746	\$ 17,885,682
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	-	625,346	-	-	625,346
Accounts receivable, net	2,000	-	-	9,571	11,571
Prepays	-	317,454	-	-	317,454
Interest receivable	2,213	1,636,077	264	750	1,639,304
Other receivable	8,154	-	-	-	8,154
Due from other governments	1,616,142	-	-	3,320,978	4,937,120
Due from other funds	245,592	-	-	-	245,592
Advances to other funds	-	18,810,000	-	-	18,810,000
Advances to the Successor Agency	-	510,000	-	-	510,000
Notes receivable	-	-	2,935,849	-	2,935,849
Bonds receivable	-	619,942	-	-	619,942
Total assets	<u>\$ 12,822,137</u>	<u>\$ 24,423,373</u>	<u>\$ 4,183,459</u>	<u>\$ 7,117,045</u>	<u>\$ 48,546,014</u>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>					
Accounts payable	\$ 262,035	\$ -	\$ 36,032	\$ 1,306,231	\$ 1,604,298
Accrued liabilities	28,610	-	-	-	28,610
Deposits and claims payable	97,744	-	-	5,300	103,044
Due to other funds	-	-	-	245,592	245,592
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	6,662	6,662
Advances from other funds	-	-	-	378,000	378,000
Total liabilities	<u>388,389</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>36,032</u>	<u>1,941,785</u>	<u>2,366,206</u>
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>					
Unavailable revenues	-	-	1,435,849	2,255,014	3,690,863
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,435,849</u>	<u>2,255,014</u>	<u>3,690,863</u>
<b>FUND BALANCE</b>					
Nonspendable:					
Leases receivable	8,154	-	-	-	8,154
Restricted:					
Debt service	-	24,423,373	-	96,800	24,520,173
Emergency medical transportation	5,035,652	-	-	-	5,035,652
Community development	-	-	2,711,578	-	2,711,578
Storm drainage and flood control	-	-	-	308,775	308,775
Streets and bridges	-	-	-	93	93
Public building and facilities	-	-	-	79,229	79,229
Park improvements	-	-	-	188,993	188,993
Capital improvement projects	-	-	-	85,317	85,317
Transit system	-	-	-	18,822	18,822
Street maintenance	-	-	-	1,573,551	1,573,551
LTF Article 8	-	-	-	442,669	442,669
Law enforcement	-	-	-	279,090	279,090
EDA Community buildings	-	-	-	47,535	47,535
EDA revolving loans	-	-	-	59,686	59,686
Unassigned	7,389,942	-	-	(260,314)	7,129,628
Total fund balance	<u>12,433,748</u>	<u>24,423,373</u>	<u>2,711,578</u>	<u>2,920,246</u>	<u>42,488,945</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	<u>\$ 12,822,137</u>	<u>\$ 24,423,373</u>	<u>\$ 4,183,459</u>	<u>\$ 7,117,045</u>	<u>\$ 48,546,014</u>

See accompanying notes.

# CITY OF COALINGA

## RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2021

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Total governmental fund balance \$ 42,488,945

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement  
of Net Position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial  
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. 25,125,771

Deferred outflows of resources related to net pension liability, represent a  
consumption of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be  
recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. 980,192

Net pension liability applicable to governmental activities is not due and  
payable in the current period and accordingly is not reported in the funds. (943,063)

Deferred inflows of resources related to net pension liability, represent an  
acquisition of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be  
recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. (101,182)

Governmental long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current  
period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. (22,060,523)

Compensated absences are not due and payable in the current  
period and therefore are not reported in the funds. (154,214)

Interest on long-term debt is reported as an expenditure of the Governmental  
Funds when paid because it requires the use of current financial  
resources. However, accrued interest must be recorded when incurred. (155,977)

Unavailable revenues are not available to pay for current period expenditures  
and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenues in the funds. 3,690,863

Net position of governmental activities \$ 48,870,812

# CITY OF COALINGA

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	General	Coalinga Public Financing Authority	Low-Moderate Housing Asset Special Revenue Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<b>Revenue</b>					
Taxes and special assessments	\$ 6,861,075	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,861,075
Licenses, permits and impact fees	1,415,422	-	-	-	1,415,422
Intergovernmental	1,161,271	-	4,600	3,017,057	4,182,928
Charges for services	1,909,470	-	-	8,889	1,918,359
Fines and forfeitures	15,817	-	-	-	15,817
Use of money and property	129,657	491,721	2,013	1,772	625,163
Interest	-	-	-	13,138	13,138
Other	90,478	-	-	-	90,478
Total revenue	<u>11,583,190</u>	<u>491,721</u>	<u>6,613</u>	<u>3,040,856</u>	<u>15,122,380</u>
<b>Expenditures</b>					
Current					
General government	1,256,431	463,722	-	-	1,720,153
Public works	144,178	-	-	1,133,098	1,277,276
Community development	473,182	-	82,212	21,014	576,408
Public safety	7,024,255	-	-	218,216	7,242,471
Capital outlay	122,583	-	-	2,397,564	2,520,147
Debt Service					
Principal	-	12,640,000	-	66,178	12,706,178
Interest and fiscal charges	-	1,241,151	-	6,146	1,247,297
Total expenditures	<u>9,020,629</u>	<u>14,344,873</u>	<u>82,212</u>	<u>3,842,216</u>	<u>27,289,930</u>
Revenue over/(under) expenditures	2,562,561	(13,853,152)	(75,599)	(801,360)	(12,167,550)
<b>Other Financing Sources/(Uses)</b>					
Sale of general capital assets	27,515	-	-	-	27,515
Bond proceeds	-	19,324,615	-	-	19,324,615
Transfers in/(out) - net	-	322,012	-	-	322,012
Total other financing sources	<u>27,515</u>	<u>19,646,627</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>19,674,142</u>
<b>Change in Fund Balance</b>	2,590,076	5,793,475	(75,599)	(801,360)	7,506,592
<b>Fund Balance</b>					
Beginning of year, restated	<u>9,843,672</u>	<u>18,629,898</u>	<u>2,787,177</u>	<u>3,721,606</u>	<u>34,982,353</u>
End of year	<u>\$ 12,433,748</u>	<u>\$ 24,423,373</u>	<u>\$ 2,711,578</u>	<u>\$ 2,920,246</u>	<u>\$ 42,488,945</u>

# CITY OF COALINGA

## RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds	\$ 7,506,592
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the Statement of Activities, but does not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense is not required as expenditures in Governmental Funds	(871,426)
Pension expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in the Governmental Funds	(292,897)
Amortization of deferred debt costs in the Statement of Activities does not require the use of current financial resources and is not required as expenditures in Governmental Funds	(288,491)
Governmental Funds report proceeds from the sale of assets as revenue. However, in the Statement of Activities the proceeds are reduced by the book value of the asset	(265,154)
Governmental Funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets are capitalized as an asset and depreciated over the period of service	2,520,147
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets	(18,810,000)
Deferred charges, such as bond discounts and issuance costs from issuing debt, are expenditures in the fund financial statements but are deferred and subject to capitalization and amortization on the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets	(514,615)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds	(134,822)
Repayment of long-term debt is an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position	12,706,177
Compensated absence costs in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in Governmental Funds	199,843
In the Statement of Activities interest is accrued on long-term debt, whereas, in governmental funds interest expenditure is reported when due	(122,992)
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u>\$ 1,632,362</u>

# CITY OF COALINGA

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				Total Proprietary Funds
	Water	Sewer	Natural Gas	Sanitation	
<b>ASSETS</b>					
<b>Current assets</b>					
Cash and investments	\$ 562,150	\$ 2,600,350	\$ 1,538,427	\$ -	\$ 4,700,927
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	8,417,464	5	-	-	8,417,469
Accounts receivable, net	538,035	149,872	211,513	261,366	1,160,786
Interest receivable	95	635	318	-	1,048
Due from other funds	-	329,557	-	-	329,557
Total current assets	<u>9,517,744</u>	<u>3,080,419</u>	<u>1,750,258</u>	<u>261,366</u>	<u>14,609,787</u>
<b>Non-current assets</b>					
Advances to other funds	-	-	378,000	-	378,000
Property, plant and equipment, net of allowance for depreciation	<u>10,741,748</u>	<u>5,802,265</u>	<u>484,765</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>17,028,778</u>
Total assets	<u>20,259,492</u>	<u>8,882,684</u>	<u>2,613,023</u>	<u>261,366</u>	<u>32,016,565</u>
<b>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>					
Deferred outflows related to pensions	<u>123,330</u>	<u>58,755</u>	<u>79,003</u>	<u>10,696</u>	<u>271,784</u>
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>123,330</u>	<u>58,755</u>	<u>79,003</u>	<u>10,696</u>	<u>271,784</u>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>					
<b>Current liabilities</b>					
Accounts payable	464,238	115,705	119,562	182,350	881,855
Deposits	38,900	-	-	-	38,900
Due to other funds	-	-	-	329,557	329,557
Current portion of long-term debt	-	-	-	-	-
Total current liabilities	<u>503,138</u>	<u>115,705</u>	<u>119,562</u>	<u>511,907</u>	<u>1,250,312</u>
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>					
Advances from other funds	16,475,000	2,335,000	-	-	18,810,000
Compensated absences	82,474	42,686	45,568	3,679	174,407
Net pension liabilities	<u>108,660</u>	<u>51,766</u>	<u>69,606</u>	<u>9,424</u>	<u>239,456</u>
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>16,666,134</u>	<u>2,429,452</u>	<u>115,174</u>	<u>13,103</u>	<u>19,223,863</u>
Total liabilities	<u>17,169,272</u>	<u>2,545,157</u>	<u>234,736</u>	<u>525,010</u>	<u>20,474,175</u>
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>					
Deferred inflows related to pensions	<u>8,956</u>	<u>4,267</u>	<u>5,737</u>	<u>777</u>	<u>19,737</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>8,956</u>	<u>4,267</u>	<u>5,737</u>	<u>777</u>	<u>19,737</u>
<b>NET POSITION</b>					
Net investment in capital assets	2,684,212	5,802,265	484,765	-	8,971,242
Unrestricted/(deficit)	<u>520,382</u>	<u>589,750</u>	<u>1,966,788</u>	<u>(253,725)</u>	<u>2,823,195</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ 3,204,594</u>	<u>\$ 6,392,015</u>	<u>\$ 2,451,553</u>	<u>\$ (253,725)</u>	<u>\$ 11,794,437</u>

See accompany notes.

# CITY OF COALINGA

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				Total Proprietary Funds
	Water	Sewer	Natural Gas	Sanitation	
<b>Operating Revenue</b>					
Charges for services	\$ 5,559,813	\$ 1,375,097	\$ 1,708,227	\$ 2,218,356	\$ 10,861,493
Connection charges	700	-	-	-	700
Total operating income	<u>5,560,513</u>	<u>1,375,097</u>	<u>1,708,227</u>	<u>2,218,356</u>	<u>10,862,193</u>
<b>Operating Expense</b>					
Personnel	1,305,684	672,065	700,762	95,759	2,774,270
Contractual services and utilities	1,279,263	332,349	531,281	2,091,043	4,233,936
Supplies and materials	640,949	286,956	106,964	35,396	1,070,265
Cost of sales	1,709,371	-	679,156	-	2,388,527
Bad debt	61,446	20,895	22,976	32,462	137,779
Depreciation	513,243	232,749	60,135	20,139	826,266
Total operating expense	<u>5,509,956</u>	<u>1,545,014</u>	<u>2,101,274</u>	<u>2,274,799</u>	<u>11,431,043</u>
Operating income/(loss)	<u>50,557</u>	<u>(169,917)</u>	<u>(393,047)</u>	<u>(56,443)</u>	<u>(568,850)</u>
<b>Nonoperating Revenue/(Expense)</b>					
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	2,996	2,996
Interest income	2,096	5,199	2,646	4	9,945
Miscellaneous	17,000	26,565	-	-	43,565
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	(730)	-	-	(85,936)	(86,666)
Interest expense	(227,278)	(72,149)	-	-	(299,427)
Total nonoperating revenue/(expense)	<u>(208,912)</u>	<u>(40,385)</u>	<u>2,646</u>	<u>(82,936)</u>	<u>(329,587)</u>
Net income/(loss) before transfers	(158,355)	(210,302)	(390,401)	(139,379)	(898,437)
<b>Operating Transfers In/(Out)</b>	<u>(200,154)</u>	<u>(121,858)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(322,012)</u>
<b>Change in Net Position</b>	<u>(358,509)</u>	<u>(332,160)</u>	<u>(390,401)</u>	<u>(139,379)</u>	<u>(1,220,449)</u>
<b>Net Position</b>					
Beginning of year	3,563,103	6,724,175	2,841,954	(114,346)	13,014,886
End of year	<u>\$ 3,204,594</u>	<u>\$ 6,392,015</u>	<u>\$ 2,451,553</u>	<u>\$ (253,725)</u>	<u>\$ 11,794,437</u>

# CITY OF COALINGA

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW - PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				Total Business-Type Funds
	Water	Sewer	Natural Gas	Sanitation	
<b>Operating Activities</b>					
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 5,386,128	\$ 1,282,539	\$ 1,647,483	\$ 2,132,965	\$ 10,449,115
Payments to employees	(1,248,487)	(644,688)	(672,083)	(92,441)	(2,657,699)
Payments for contractual services and utilities	(1,609,683)	(269,686)	(484,639)	(2,400,246)	(4,764,254)
Payments to suppliers	(640,949)	(286,956)	(106,964)	(35,396)	(1,070,265)
Payments for cost of sales	(1,709,371)	-	(679,156)	-	(2,388,527)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	177,638	81,209	(295,359)	(395,118)	(431,630)
<b>Non-capital Financial Activities</b>					
Payments from other governments	7,305	3,543	3,817	3,485	18,150
Transfers (to)/from other funds	(200,154)	(1,056,415)	-	329,557	(927,012)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	(192,849)	(1,052,872)	3,817	333,042	(908,862)
<b>Capital and Related Financing Activities</b>					
Proceeds from advances	16,475,000	-	-	-	16,475,000
Rental income received	17,000	26,565	-	-	43,565
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(276,111)	(408,989)	(52,550)	-	(737,650)
Principal paid on long-term debt	(9,260,000)	-	-	-	(9,260,000)
Interest paid on long-term debt	(227,278)	(72,149)	-	-	(299,427)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	(9,746,389)	(454,573)	(52,550)	-	(10,253,512)
<b>Investing Activities</b>					
Interest received	3,319	7,437	3,947	9	14,712
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	3,319	7,437	3,947	9	14,712
<b>Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash</b>	(9,758,281)	(1,418,799)	(340,145)	(62,067)	(11,579,292)
<b>Cash</b>					
Beginning of year	2,262,895	4,019,154	1,878,572	62,067	8,222,688
End of year	\$ (7,495,386)	\$ 2,600,355	\$ 1,538,427	\$ -	\$ (3,356,604)

# CITY OF COALINGA

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW - PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				Total Business-Type Funds
	Water	Sewer	Natural Gas	Sanitation	
<b>Reconciliation of cash to financial statements:</b>					
Cash and investments	\$ 562,150	\$ 2,600,350	\$ 1,538,427	\$ -	\$ 4,700,927
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	8,417,464	5	-	-	8,417,469
	<u>\$ 8,979,614</u>	<u>\$ 2,600,355</u>	<u>\$ 1,538,427</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 13,118,396</u>
<b>Cash Flows from Operating Activities</b>					
Operating income (loss)	\$ 50,557	\$ (169,917)	\$ (393,047)	\$ (56,443)	\$ (568,850)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:					
Depreciation	513,243	232,749	60,135	20,139	826,266
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
(Increase) decrease in Accounts Receivable	(112,939)	(71,663)	(37,768)	(52,929)	(275,299)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resour	2,334	1,112	1,495	203	5,144
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(316,431)	69,586	54,539	(307,995)	(500,301)
Increase (decrease) in deposits and other liabilities	-	-	(7,897)	(1,208)	(9,105)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	16,607	8,039	2,678	(203)	27,121
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resourc	1,643	783	1,052	143	3,621
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	36,613	17,443	23,454	3,175	80,685
<b>Net Cash Provided (Used in) Operating Activities</b>	<u>\$ 177,638</u>	<u>\$ 81,209</u>	<u>\$ (295,359)</u>	<u>\$ (395,118)</u>	<u>\$ (431,630)</u>

# CITY OF COALINGA

## STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSTION JUNE 30, 2021

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	<u>Successor Agency</u>	<u>Ayres/Beason Scholarship</u>	<u>Total Private Purpose Trust Funds</u>
<b>ASSETS</b>			
Cash and investments	\$ 1,948,192	\$ 52,113	\$ 2,000,305
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	366,491	-	366,491
Interest receivable	364	12	376
Notes receivable	79,768	-	79,768
Land held for sale	1,869,085	-	1,869,085
Total assets	<u>4,263,900</u>	<u>52,125</u>	<u>4,316,025</u>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
Accounts payable and accrued expense	3,927	-	3,927
Deposits and other liabilities	15,900	-	15,900
Interest payable	32,753	-	32,753
Unearned revenue	600	-	600
Advance from the City of Coalinga	510,000	-	510,000
Long-term Debt			
Due within one year	570,000	-	570,000
Due in more than one year	5,639,731	-	5,639,731
Total liabilities	<u>6,772,911</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>6,772,911</u>
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>			
Gain on bond refunding	9,022	-	9,022
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>9,022</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>9,022</u>
<b>NET POSITION</b>			
Net position held in trust for:			
Redevelopment dissolution and other purposes	(2,518,033)	-	(2,518,033)
Scholarship	<u>-</u>	<u>52,125</u>	<u>52,125</u>
Total net position (deficit)	<u>\$ (2,518,033)</u>	<u>\$ 52,125</u>	<u>\$ (2,465,908)</u>

# CITY OF COALINGA

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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	<u>Coalinga Successor Agency</u>	<u>Ayres/Beason Scholarship</u>	<u>Total Private Purpose Trust Funds</u>
<b>ADDITIONS</b>			
Property taxes	\$ 1,294,150	\$ -	\$ 1,294,150
Investments, rents and other earnings	<u>13,169</u>	<u>82</u>	<u>13,251</u>
Total additions	<u>1,307,319</u>	<u>82</u>	<u>1,307,401</u>
<b>DEDUCTIONS</b>			
Administrative costs	134,451	-	134,451
Interest and fiscal agency expenses	<u>311,773</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>311,773</u>
Total deductions	<u>446,224</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>446,224</u>
<b>Change in Net Position</b>	861,095	82	861,177
<b>Net Position</b>			
Beginning of year	<u>(3,379,128)</u>	<u>52,043</u>	<u>(3,327,085)</u>
End of year	<u>\$ (2,518,033)</u>	<u>\$ 52,125</u>	<u>\$ (2,465,908)</u>

# CITY OF COALINGA

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Reporting Entity

The City of Coalinga, California (the “City”) was incorporated as a general law city in 1906. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government. The City's major operations include public safety; highways and streets; water, sewer, natural gas, transit and refuse collection; parks and recreation; building inspection; public improvements; planning and zoning, and general administrative services. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units are, in substance, part of the primary government’s operations, even though they are legally separate entities. Thus, blended component units are appropriately presented as funds of the primary government. There are no discretely presented component units included in these financial statements.

Blended Component Unit - The Coalinga Public Financing Authority (“CPFA”) was established in 1991 through a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement between the City, the Agency, and the Coalinga-Huron Unified School District. The formation of the joint powers authority was approved by the City Council who is also designated as the Board of Directors for the CPFA. The City Manager is appointed Secretary with the City staff providing all support services. The purpose of the CPFA is solely to provide funds from the sale of revenue bonds to finance or refinance the costs of various projects for the City. The City set up the CPFA to act as a financing/lending type institution only. The CPFA/City legislative meetings are held concurrently. The CPFA is reported as a debt service fund and does not issue separate financial statements.

#### Basis of Accounting – Fund Accounting

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

**Government-Wide Financial Statements** – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the City) and its component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each different identifiable activity of the City’s business-type activities and for each function of the City’s governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are included in the program expense reported for individual function. Certain indirect costs, which cannot be identified and broken down, are included in the program expense reported for individual functions and activities. Program revenues include, 1) fines, fees, and charges paid by the recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented instead as general revenues.

# CITY OF COALINGA

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements – The fund financial statements provide information about the City’s funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in funds and changes in fund balances as presented in these statements to the net position and changes in net position presented in the government- wide financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the government’s primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Coalinga Public Financing Authority Debt Service Fund* is used to account for revenues and expenditures of the CPFA Revenue Bonds. Bond proceeds are to be used to finance or refinance the costs of various improvement projects for the City and other public agencies.

The *Low-Moderate Housing Asset Special Revenue Fund* accounts for monies received and expended for low and moderate income housing activities pursuant to AB1484.

Enterprise fund financial statements include a statement of net position, statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, a statement of cash flows for each major enterprise fund and nonmajor funds aggregated.

The City has four major enterprise funds: the Water Fund, Sewer Fund, Natural Gas Fund, and Sanitation Fund, which are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprise. In an enterprise fund, the intent of the City Council is that costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing services to the general public, on a continuing basis, be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

*Water Fund* – The Water Fund accounts for the activities of the City’s water production and distribution operations.

*Sewer Fund* – The Sewer Fund accounts for the activities of the City’s sanitary sewer system operations.

*Natural Gas* – The Natural Gas Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City’s natural gas system.

*Sanitation Fund* – The Sanitation Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City’s sanitation system.

# CITY OF COALINGA

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **Basis of Presentation – Fund Accounting**

The City's fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The fund's activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. Fiduciary funds are presented on an economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the government-wide financial statements.

*Private-Purpose Trust Fund* – The Private-Purpose Trust Fund accounts for assets held by the City as trustee for the Successor Agency and Ayres/Beason Scholarships.

The City reports the following private purpose trust funds:

*The Coalinga Successor Agency Fund* accounts for the assets and liabilities of the former Redevelopment Agency and its allocated revenue to pay estimated installment payments of the enforceable obligations until the obligations of the former Redevelopment Agency are paid in full and assets have been liquidated.

*The Ayres/Beason Scholarship Fund* accounts for the assets and liabilities of the Ayres/Beason scholarship.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

*Government-Wide Financial Statements* – The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

*Governmental Fund Financial Statements* – Governmental funds are reported using current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

# CITY OF COALINGA

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The proprietary and private-purpose trust funds are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water fund, sewer fund, natural gas fund, sanitation fund, and utility billing funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

#### Financial Statement Amounts

*Cash and Investments* – Cash and investments represent the City's cash bank accounts including but not limited to certificates of deposit, money market funds and cash management pools for reporting purposes in the Statement of Cash Flows. Additionally, investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased are included as cash equivalents in the Statement of Cash Flows.

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Interest earnings as result of this pooling are distributed to the appropriate funds based on year-end cash balances in each fund. Interest income from cash and investments with fiscal agents is credited directly to the related fund.

Investments of the pool include only those investments authorized by the California Government Code such as, United States Treasury securities, agencies guaranteed by the United States Government, registered state warrants, and other investments. Investments primarily consist of deposits in the State of California Local Agency Investment Fund. Investments are stated at cost or amortized cost.

*Restricted Cash with Fiscal Agent* – The City has funds held by trustee or fiscal agents pledged to the payment or security of bonds and are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. The City reports restricted cash with fiscal agent in the CPFA debt service fund, the Water and Sewer enterprise funds, and the Coalinga Successor Agency private- purpose trust fund. Amounts reported in these funds are restricted for debt service payments and specific projects.

# CITY OF COALINGA

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

*Accounts Receivable* – These are comprised primarily of revenues that have been earned but not yet received by the City as of June 30 from individual customers, private entities and government agencies. In addition, this account includes accrued revenues due from other agencies for expenditure driven types of grants whereby the City accrues grant revenues for expenditures/expenses incurred but not yet reimbursed by the grantors. Also, property taxes earned but not received from the County of Fresno as of June 30 and unbilled services for utility and other services delivered to customers but not billed as of June 30, are included in this account. Management determines the allowance for doubtful accounts by evaluating individual customer accounts. Utility customer closed accounts are written off when deemed uncollectible. Recoveries to utility customer receivables previously written off are recorded when received.

The City uses an independent billing company to bill and collect on all ambulance services. Ambulance billings consist of amounts owed by individuals for services rendered for ambulance transport. Management is not able to create a reasonable estimate of the collectability of existing accounts. In addition, the outstanding receivables are deemed unavailable as the City typically receives payment after the availability period of 60 days. The City records all ambulance receipts on a cash basis.

*Property Tax Calendar* – Fresno County is responsible for the assessment, collection and apportionment of property taxes for all taxing jurisdictions. Property taxes are levied in equal installments on November 1 and February 1. They become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. The lien date is January 1 of each year. Property taxes are accounted for in the General Fund. Property tax revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available to finance current liabilities. The City considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Property tax on the unsecured roll are due on the January 1 lien date and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31. However, unsecured property taxes are not susceptible to year-end accrual.

The City is permitted by Article XIII A of the State of California Constitution (known as Proposition 13) to levy a maximum tax of \$1 per \$100 of full cash value.

*Interfund Receivables/Payable* – During the course of operations the City has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year-end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

# CITY OF COALINGA

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

*Assets Held for Resale* – Assets held by the City or the Coalinga Successor Agency for the purpose of improving and reselling are accounted for in the account. Property is valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value.

*Capital Assets* – Capital outlays are recorded as expenditures of the General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects Funds and as assets in the Government-Wide Financial Statements to the extent the City's capitalization threshold is met.

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the Government- Wide Financial Statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Betterments and major improvements which significantly increase values, change capacities or extend useful lives are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of fixed assets, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities are included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	<u>Years</u>
Infrastructure	10 - 50
Buildings, structures and improvements	5 - 40
Water storage rights	40
Transmission and distribution equipment	5 - 50
Rolling equipment	2 - 30
Office equipment	3 - 10

*Unearned revenue* – Is that for which recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. The City typically records intergovernmental revenues (primary grants and subventions) received but not earned (qualifying expenditures not yet incurred).

# CITY OF COALINGA

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

*Unavailable Revenue* – In the fund financial statements, unavailable revenue is recorded when transactions have not yet met the revenue recognition criteria based on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The City records unavailable revenue for transactions for which revenues have been earned, but for which funds are not available to meet current financial obligations.

*Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources* – The City recognizes deferred outflows and inflows of resources. A deferred outflow of resources is defined as a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. A deferred inflow of resources is defined as an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Refer to Notes 8 and 9 for a detailed listing of the deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources the City has recognized.

*Interest Payable* – In the government-wide financial statements, interest payable of long-term debt is recognized as the liability is incurred for the governmental fund-types and proprietary-fund types.

In the fund financial statements, proprietary fund-types recognize the interest payable when the liability is incurred.

*Long-Term Debt* – In the government-wide, proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Gains or losses from refunding of debt are reported as deferred outflows or inflows of resources and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded debt or refunding debt. Amortization of these balances is recorded as a component of interest expense.

Prepaid bond insurance costs are amortized using the straight-line method over the life of the bonds. Amortization of these balances is recorded as a component of operating expenses.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

*Compensated Absences* – It is the City's policy to permit all employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation, sick pay and compensatory time benefits. Those employees on shift work schedules may also accumulate hours for holiday time benefits.

Vested or accumulated vacation, holiday and eligible sick leave along with any compensation time that is expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure in the fund financial statements of the Governmental Fund that will pay for it. Amounts not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

Vested leave of Proprietary Funds are recorded as an expense and liability as the benefits accrue.

# CITY OF COALINGA

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

*Pensions* – In government-wide financial statements, pensions are recognized and disclosed using the accrual basis of accounting (see Note 10 and the RSI section immediately following the notes to financial statements), regardless of the amount recognized as pension expenditures on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The City recognizes a net pension liability for each qualified pension plan in which it participates, which represents the excess of the total pension liability over the fiduciary net position of the qualified pension plan, measured as of the City’s fiscal year-end or the City’s proportionate share thereof in the case of a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan. Changes in the net pension liability during the period are recorded as pension expense, or as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources depending on the nature of the change, in the period incurred. Those changes in net pension liability that are recorded as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources that arise from changes in actuarial assumptions or other inputs and differences between expected or actual experience are amortized over the weighted average remaining service life of all participants including retirees, in the respective qualified pension plan and recorded as a component of pension expense beginning with the period in which they arose. Projected earnings on qualified pension plan investments are recognized as a component of pension expense. Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are reported as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources and amortized as a component of pension expense on a closed basis over a five-year period beginning with the period in which the difference occurred.

*Net Position/Fund Balance* – The government-wide and business-type activities fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net positions are categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

- Net Investment in Capital Assets – This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category.
- Restricted Net Position – This category presents external restrictions on net position imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Position – This category represents net position of the City, not restricted for any project or other purpose.

When both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, restricted resources are depleted first before the unrestricted resources are used.

# CITY OF COALINGA

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Balance – In the fund financial statements, government fund balance is made up of the following components:

- **Nonspendable:** This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- **Restricted:** This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- **Committed:** This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.
- **Assigned:** This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the City Council or through the City Council delegating this responsibility to the City manager through the budgetary process. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the General Fund.
- **Unassigned:** This classification includes amounts that have not been assigned to other funds or restricted, committed or assigned to a specific purpose within the City.

The City would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

*Encumbrances* – The City does not use encumbrance accounting.

*Use of Estimates* – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# CITY OF COALINGA

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability**

California law authorizes the City to invest in obligations of the United States Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, certificates of deposit or time deposits in banks and savings and loan associations which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

In accordance with applicable sections of the California Government Code and the Coalinga Municipal Code, the City prepares and legally adopts an annual balanced budget on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General Fund, specific Special Revenue Funds, and specific Capital Projects Funds. Budget plans are adopted for Proprietary Funds. A proposed budget is presented to the City Council during June of each year for review. The Council holds public hearings and may add to, subtract from, or change appropriations within the revenues and reserves estimated as available. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level. Supplementary appropriations which alter the total expenditures of any fund, or expenditures in excess of total budgeted fund appropriations, must be approved by the City Council.

All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end to the extent they have not been expended or encumbered.

#### **Deficit Net Position**

Prior to February 1, 2012, the California Redevelopment Law provided tax increment financing as a source of revenue to redevelopment agencies to fund redevelopment activities. Once a redevelopment area was adopted, the former Agency could only receive tax increments to the extent that it could show on an annual basis that it had incurred indebtedness that must be repaid with tax increments. Due to the nature of the redevelopment financing, the former Agency liabilities exceeded assets. Therefore, the Agency historically carried a deficit, which was expected to be reduced as future tax increment revenues were received and used to reduce its outstanding long-term debt. This deficit was transferred to the Coalinga Successor Agency on February 1, 2012. At June 30, 2021, Coalinga Successor Agency has a deficit of \$2,518,033, which will be eliminated with future redevelopment property tax revenues distributed from the Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund administered by the County's Auditor-Controller.

# CITY OF COALINGA

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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### Note 2 – Cash and Investments

The City pools all of its cash and investments except those funds required to be held by outside fiscal agents under the provisions of bond indentures. Interest income earned on pooled cash is allocated to the various funds on average cash balances. Interest income from cash investments held with fiscal agents is credited directly to the related funds.

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2021 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments	\$ 22,586,609
Cash and Investments with fiscal agent	9,042,815
Fiduciary Funds:	
Cash and Investments	2,000,305
Cash and Investments with fiscal agent	366,491
Total Cash and Investments	<u>\$ 33,996,220</u>

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2021 consist of the following:

Cash on hand	\$ 2,652
Deposits with financial institutions	27,881,014
Investments	<u>6,112,554</u>
Total Cash and Investments	<u>\$ 33,996,220</u>

### Fair Value Measurements

The framework for measuring fair value provides a fair value hierarchy that categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

- Level 1: Inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2: Inputs to valuation methodology include inputs – other than quoted prices included within Level 1 – that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within a fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

# CITY OF COALINGA

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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### Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value.

LAIF is valued based on the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (Level 2 input).

#### Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. The City's investment policy does not contain any specific provisions intended to limit the City's exposure to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

<u>Authorized Investment Type</u>	<u>Maximum Maturity</u>	<u>Maximum Percentage of Portfolio</u>	<u>Maximum Investment In One Issuer</u>
Local Agency Bonds	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20%	None
Medium-Term Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
JPA Pools (other investment pools)	N/A	None	None

# CITY OF COALINGA

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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### Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

#### Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City’s investment policy. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by the bond trustee. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

<u>Authorized Investment Type</u>	<u>Maximum Maturity</u>	<u>Maximum Percentage of Portfolio</u>	<u>Maximum Investment In One Issuer</u>
U.S. Treasury Obligations	None	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	None	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	None	None
Commercial Paper	270 days	None	None
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	None	None
Investment Contracts	None	None	None
Certificates of Deposits	1 year	None	None
Repurchase Agreements	30 days	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Municipal Bonds	None	None	None

#### Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by maintaining funds in liquid, short-term investments which can be converted to cash when necessary to meet disbursement requirements. The City's investment in the Local Agency Investment Fund (“LAIF”) is available for withdraw in one business day.

# CITY OF COALINGA

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

### Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City’s investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City’s investments by maturity:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Remaining Maturity (in months)			
		12 Months or Less	13 to 24 Months	25 to 60 Months	More Than 60 Months
State investment pool	\$ 6,112,554	\$ 6,112,554	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total	\$ 6,112,554	\$ 6,112,554	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

### Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City’s investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of year-end for each investment type.

Investment Type	Fair Value	Minimum Legal Rating	Ratings at Year-End	
			AAAm	Not Rated
State investment pool	\$ 6,112,554	N/A	\$ -	\$ 6,112,554
Total	\$ 6,112,554		\$ -	\$ 6,112,554

### Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk that the failure of any one issuer would place an undue financial burden on the City. The investment policy of the City contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated in the California Government Code. The City does not have any investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of total investments by reporting unit.

# CITY OF COALINGA

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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### Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a city will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits: the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by the state or local government units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under the state law (unless so waived by the government unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

The carrying amounts of the City's cash deposits totaled \$27,881,014 at June 30, 2021. Bank balances were \$31,005,607, the total amount of which was insured and/or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions in the City's name.

#### **Investment in State Investment Pool**

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

# CITY OF COALINGA

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

### Note 3 – Accounts Receivables

Summaries of accounts receivable and the corresponding allowances for uncollectibles at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

	General Fund	Coalinga Public Financing Authority Debt Service Fund	Low-Moderate Housing Asset Special Revenue Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Accounts receivable	\$ 2,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,571	\$ 11,571
Interest receivable	2,213	1,636,077	264	750	1,639,304
Other receivable	8,154	-	-	-	8,154
Due from other governments	1,616,142	-	-	3,320,978	4,937,120
Notes receivable	-	-	2,935,849	-	2,935,849
Bonds receivable	-	619,942	-	-	619,942
	<u>1,628,509</u>	<u>2,256,019</u>	<u>2,936,113</u>	<u>3,331,299</u>	<u>10,151,940</u>
Less: allowance for uncollectible	-	-	-	-	-
Accounts receivable, net	<u>\$ 1,628,509</u>	<u>\$ 2,256,019</u>	<u>\$ 2,936,113</u>	<u>\$ 3,331,299</u>	<u>\$ 10,151,940</u>

	Water	Sewer	Natural Gas	Sanitation	Total Proprietary Funds
Utility receivables	\$ 847,462	\$ 273,609	\$ 300,867	\$ 428,807	\$ 1,850,745
Interest receivable	95	635	318	-	1,048
	<u>847,557</u>	<u>274,244</u>	<u>301,185</u>	<u>428,807</u>	<u>1,851,793</u>
Less: allowance for uncollectible	<u>(309,427)</u>	<u>(123,737)</u>	<u>(89,354)</u>	<u>(167,441)</u>	<u>(689,959)</u>
Accounts receivable, net	<u>\$ 538,130</u>	<u>\$ 150,507</u>	<u>\$ 211,831</u>	<u>\$ 261,366</u>	<u>\$ 1,161,834</u>

### Note 4 – Notes Receivable

Notes receivable of \$1,435,849 represent monies loaned to homebuyers in connection with a down payment assistance program. The loans are secured by real property with repayment due upon the sale of real property or starting at the end of the 30-year deferral period. At the time of sale, the seller pays the loan balance in full without interest. Starting at the end of the 30-year deferral period, the borrower is required to repay the Down Payment Assistance Loan, without interest, over the following 15 years.

Additionally, the City allocated \$1,500,000 in Successor Agency Housing Bond Proceeds as a residual receipts loan to Warthan Place Investors, LP (Warthan) for the construction of the Warthan Place Apartments Multi-Family Housing Project. The City will be repaid through a residual receipts agreement with Warthan at a 1.0% interest rate.

# CITY OF COALINGA

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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### Note 4 – Interfund Activities

#### Current Interfund Receivables/Payables

Current interfund balances are generally short-term loans to cover temporary cash deficits in various funds and are expected to be repaid shortly after the end of the fiscal year. The City's interfund receivables and payables consisted of the following at June 30, 2021:

	<u>Due To</u>	<u>Due From</u>
Major Funds:		
General Fund	\$ 245,592	\$ -
Sewer Fund	329,557	-
Sanitation Fund	-	329,557
Nonmajor Funds:		
CalTrans Grant Fund	-	214,852
Transit Fund	-	30,740
	<u>\$ 575,149</u>	<u>\$ 575,149</u>

#### Long-Term Interfund Advances

Long-term interfund advances are advances to other funds that are not expected to be repaid in one year or less. The City's long-term interfund advances consisted of the following at June 30, 2021:

	<u>Advances To</u>	<u>Advances From</u>
Major Funds:		
Coalinga Public Financing Authority Debt Service Fund	\$ 19,320,000	\$ -
Water Fund	-	16,475,000
Sewer Fund	-	2,335,000
Natural Gas Fund	378,000	-
Nonmajor Funds:		
Developmental Impact Fees Capital Projects Fund	-	378,000
Fiduciary Funds:		
Coalinga Successor Agency Fund	-	510,000
	<u>\$ 19,698,000</u>	<u>\$ 19,698,000</u>

# CITY OF COALINGA

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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### Note 5 – Interfund Activities (Continued)

#### Bonds Receivable and Payable

The following is a summary of interfund bonds receivable and bonds payable at June 30, 2021:

	<u>Bonds Receivable</u>	<u>Bonds Payable</u>
Major Funds:		
Coalinga Public Financing Authority Debt Service Fund	\$ 619,942	\$ -
Fiduciary Funds:		
Coalinga Successor Agency Fund	-	619,942
	<u>\$ 619,942</u>	<u>\$ 619,942</u>

#### Interfund Advances and Bonds Receivables and Payables

Bonds receivable consists of debt instruments purchased by the Coalinga Public Financing Authority (CPFA), which was established in 1991 through a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement between the City, the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of Coalinga, and the Coalinga-Huron Unified School District. The formation of the joint powers authority was approved by the City Council who is also designated as the Board of Directors for the CPFA. The purpose of the CPFA is solely to provide funds from the sale of revenue bonds to finance the costs of various projects for the City and other external agencies. The City set up the CPFA to act as a financing/lending type institution only. In financing the various capital improvement projects, the CPFA purchased bonds, entered into lease/sub-lease agreements and capital financing contracts with the City and other external agencies. The following is a list of the debt instruments comprising the long-term interfund advances and bonds receivable balances in the CPFA debt service fund as of June 30, 2021:

In June 1993, the CPFA loaned \$1,420,000 to the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of Coalinga for the purpose of financing the construction of a new police station. The final payment of the loan is scheduled for September 15, 2021. The loan balance is \$105,000 as of June 30, 2021.

In June 1993, the CPFA loaned \$5,480,000 to the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of Coalinga for the purpose of financing the former Redevelopment Agency's \$5,100,000 tax allocation bonds that were issued on June 27, 1991 for the police station project. The final payment of the loan is scheduled for September 15, 2021. The loan balance is \$405,000 as of June 30, 2021.

In March 2012, the CPFA loaned \$9,740,000 and \$3,090,000 to the Water and Sewer enterprise funds, respectively, for the purpose of financing the 2012 Water and Wastewater Projects and the refunding of the 2000 Revenue Bonds, Series A (Water and Wastewater Projects). The outstanding balance was paid off under the 2021A Revenue Bonds.

In March 2021, the CPFA loaned \$16,475,000 and \$2,335,000 to the Water and Sewer enterprise funds, respectively, for the purpose of financing the Water Improvement Projects and the refunding of the 2012 Series Revenue Bonds. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2021 in the Water and Sewer enterprise funds was \$16,475,000 and \$2,335,000, respectively.

# CITY OF COALINGA

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

**Note 6 – Capital Assets** – Capital asset activities for the year ended June 30, 2021 were as follows:

	<b>Balance</b> <b>July 1, 2020</b>	<b>Additions</b>	<b>Retirements</b>	<b>Balance</b> <b>June 30, 2021</b>
<b><u>Governmental Activities</u></b>				
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 2,339,497	\$ -	\$ (88,128)	\$ 2,251,369
Construction in progress	3,041,335	2,080,794	-	5,122,129
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	<u>5,380,832</u>	<u>2,080,794</u>	<u>(88,128)</u>	<u>7,373,498</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	13,705,857	-	(324,698)	13,381,159
Infrastructure	34,126,724	-	(22,788)	34,103,936
Machinery and equipment	6,547,488	439,353	(2,144,069)	4,842,772
Total capital assets, being depreciated	<u>54,380,069</u>	<u>439,353</u>	<u>(2,491,555)</u>	<u>52,327,867</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings and improvements	(7,329,421)	(271,751)	147,672	(7,453,500)
Infrastructure	(23,452,908)	(339,163)	22,788	(23,769,283)
Machinery and equipment	(5,236,368)	(260,512)	2,144,069	(3,352,811)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(36,018,697)</u>	<u>(871,426)</u>	<u>2,314,529</u>	<u>(34,575,594)</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	<u>18,361,372</u>	<u>(432,073)</u>	<u>(177,026)</u>	<u>17,752,273</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 23,742,204</u>	<u>\$ 1,648,721</u>	<u>\$ (265,154)</u>	<u>\$ 25,125,771</u>
<b><u>Business-Type Activities</u></b>				
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 1,068,039	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,068,039
Construction in progress	180,185	571,799	(307,004)	444,980
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	<u>1,248,224</u>	<u>571,799</u>	<u>(307,004)</u>	<u>1,513,019</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Building	10,044,914	-	(107,140)	9,937,774
Improvements other than buildings	28,456,163	307,004	-	28,763,167
Machinery and equipment	5,978,009	165,851	(1,348,056)	4,795,804
Total capital assets, being depreciated	<u>44,479,086</u>	<u>472,855</u>	<u>(1,455,196)</u>	<u>43,496,745</u>
Less: accumulated depreciation	<u>(28,523,250)</u>	<u>(826,266)</u>	<u>1,368,530</u>	<u>(27,980,986)</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	<u>15,955,836</u>	<u>(353,411)</u>	<u>(86,666)</u>	<u>15,515,759</u>
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 17,204,060</u>	<u>\$ 218,388</u>	<u>\$ (393,670)</u>	<u>\$ 17,028,778</u>

# CITY OF COALINGA

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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### Note 6 – Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation and amortization expense were charged to the following functions in the Statement of Activities:

#### **Governmental Functions:**

General Government	\$	225,897
Public Works		362,966
Community Development		6,384
Public Safety		276,179
	\$	<u>871,426</u>

#### **Business-Type Functions:**

Water	\$	513,243
Sewer		232,749
Natural Gas		60,135
Sanitation		20,139
	\$	<u>826,266</u>

# CITY OF COALINGA

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

### Note 7 – Long-Term Debt

The City generally incurs long-term debt to finance projects or purchase assets which will have useful lives equal to or greater than the related debt.

The City’s debt transactions are summarized below and discussed in detail thereafter:

	<u>Balance</u> <u>July 1, 2020</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Retirements</u>	<u>Balance</u> <u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>Current</u> <u>Portion</u>
<b><u>Governmental Activity Long Term Debt</u></b>					
<i>Direct Placements:</i>					
Bonds Payable:					
1998 Series A Bonds	\$ 910,000	\$ -	\$ (440,000)	\$ 470,000	\$ 470,000
2000 Tax Allocation Bonds	619,942	-	-	619,942	-
2021A Series Revenue Bonds (Water & Sewer)	-	10,610,000	-	10,610,000	-
2021B Series Revenue Bonds (Water)	-	8,200,000	-	8,200,000	-
2012 Series Revenue Bonds	12,200,000	-	(12,200,000)	-	-
Assessment District#1 Improvement Bond	19,000	-	(19,000)	-	-
Subtotal	<u>13,748,942</u>	<u>18,810,000</u>	<u>(12,659,000)</u>	<u>19,899,942</u>	<u>470,000</u>
1998 Bond premiums	72,318	-	(57,854)	14,464	-
2021 Bond premiums	-	514,615	(4,288)	510,327	-
2012 Bond discounts	(350,633)	-	350,633	-	-
Accreted Interest	1,500,775	135,015	-	1,635,790	-
Total Bonds Payable	<u>14,971,402</u>	<u>19,459,630</u>	<u>(12,370,509)</u>	<u>22,060,523</u>	<u>470,000</u>
<i>Direct Borrowings:</i>					
Lease Payable					
Police vehicles capital lease	47,177	-	(47,177)	-	-
Total Governmental Activity Debt	<u>\$ 15,018,579</u>	<u>\$ 19,459,630</u>	<u>\$ (12,417,686)</u>	<u>\$ 22,060,523</u>	<u>\$ 470,000</u>
<b><u>Compensated Absences</u></b>					
Government Activities	<u>\$ 354,057</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (199,843)</u>	<u>\$ 154,214</u>	
Business-Type Activities	<u>\$ 147,286</u>	<u>\$ 27,121</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 174,407</u>	
<b><u>Net Pension Liability</u></b>					
Government Activities	<u>\$ 603,105</u>	<u>\$ 339,958</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 943,063</u>	
Business-Type Activities	<u>\$ 158,771</u>	<u>\$ 80,685</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 239,456</u>	

Long-term debt payable at June 30, 2021 was comprised of the following individual issues:

**Assessment District#1 Improvement Bond** - In 1981 the signed a loan agreement with USDA for improvements in the assesment district for \$433,000 at 5% interest. The principal and interest are made semiannually in July and January thru 2020. During the yearend June 30, 2021, this bond was paid off.

**Police Vehicles Capital Lease** - In December 2016, the City purchased five police vehicles totaling \$185,556 at 7.5890% interest rate. The principal and interest payments totaling \$43,375 are made annually on Feburary 15 beginning in 2017 through 2021. During the yearend June 30, 2021, this lease was paid off.

# CITY OF COALINGA

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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### Note 7 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

**Coalinga Public Financing Authority Bonds** - The CPFA was established in 1991 through a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement between the City, the Agency, and the Coalinga-Huron Unified School District. The formation of the joint powers authority was approved by the City Council who is also designated as the Board of Directors for the CPFA.

The purpose of the CPFA is solely to provide funds from the sale of revenue bonds to finance or refinance the costs of acquiring, constructing, or improving and equipping capital improvements (projects) for the City, the Agency, the Coalinga-Huron Unified School District, the Coalinga Hospital District, the West Hills Community College District, and other external agencies. The City set up the CPFA to act as a financing/lending type institution only.

Based on the financing/lending institution perception, financial reporting for the CPFA is through a conservative revenue/expenditure flow approach. The revenue/expenditure stream shows the true details of each financing agreement in addition to the initial Marks-Roos Bond Pool issue for the CPFA.

The CPFA shows revenues from the various financing agreements (i.e., payments of principal and interest) and expenditures for its own debt service. In addition, the CPFA balance sheet reflects bonds receivable which is offset by a corresponding amount in deferred revenue.

CPFA bonds outstanding at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

**1998 Series A Bonds** – In December 1998, the CPFA issued the 1998 Series A Bonds in the amount of \$12,970,000. The 1998 Series A principal payments are made each September 15 beginning in 1999 through 2021. Interest is to be paid semi-annually on March 15 and September 15 through 2021. The interest rates range from 5.5 to 6.375 percent.

**2000 Tax Allocation Bonds** – In 2000 the CPFA issued bonds in the amount of \$3,404,942 to be used for RDA activities. The principal payments are made each September and interest is paid semi-annually in September and March through 2018. The interest rates range from 5.2 to 5.85 percent.

**2012 Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds** – In April 2012, the CPFA issued revenue bonds in the amount of \$12,830,000, \$9,740,000 and \$3,090,000 respectively. The funds were used for the purpose of refinancing the 2000 Series A Bonds and acquisition, construction and improvement of certain water and sewer facilities. The principal payments are made each April 1 beginning in 2018 through 2048. Interest is to be paid annually on April 1 through 2048. The interest rates range from 3.1 to 5.0 percent.

**2021A Revenue Refunding Bonds (Water and Sewer)** – In March 2021, the City issued the 2021 Revenue Refunding Bonds for the principal amount of \$10,610,000. The issuance was to refund the outstanding principal balance of the 2012 Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds described above. The City refunded the above debts to reduce its total debt service over 26 years by \$3,477,709 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$1,656,502. The bonds bear interest at .539% - 3.559% and are payable semi-annually commencing October 2021 through April 2048.

# CITY OF COALINGA

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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### Note 7 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

**2021B Revenue Refunding Bonds (Water)** - In March 2021, the City issued the 2021B Revenue Refunding Bonds for the principal amount of \$8,200,000. The issuance was to finance Water Improvement projects. The bonds bear interest at 2.375% - 4.0% and are payable semi-annually commencing October 2021 through April 2051.

Debt service is secured by a pledge of net revenues of the City's Water and Wastewater Systems. The City covenants that it shall prescribe, revise and collect such charges for the services and facilities of the water and wastewater systems which shall produce revenues sufficient in each fiscal year to provide gross revenues which are sufficient to pay all water and wastewater operation and maintenance costs and all bond installment payments and produce net wastewater revenues equal to at least 1.25 times debt service coming due and payable during such fiscal year. The City is in compliance with those covenants as of June 30, 2021. Cash basis debt service paid during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 totaled \$0. Total wastewater system net revenues and net revenue available for debt were not calculated due to no debt service payment at June 30, 2021.

The annual requirement to amortize the principal and interest on all long-term debt at June 30, 2021 were as follows:

Years ending June 30,	Governmental Activities		
	Principal	Interest	Totals
2022	\$ 470,000	\$ 614,890	\$ 1,084,890
2023	310,000	575,913	885,913
2024	440,000	574,242	1,014,242
2025	445,000	566,453	1,011,453
2026	455,000	557,395	1,012,395
2027-2031	3,069,942	4,920,881	7,990,823
2032-2036	2,845,000	2,220,580	5,065,580
2037-2041	3,360,000	1,708,336	5,068,336
2042-2046	3,905,000	1,152,025	5,057,025
2047-2049	4,600,000	464,683	5,064,683
	<u>\$ 19,899,942</u>	<u>\$ 13,355,398</u>	<u>\$ 33,255,340</u>

# CITY OF COALINGA

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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### Note 8 – Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and thus, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has one item to report in this category:

- The City has \$1,251,976 pension related items that qualify to be reported in deferred outflows of resources. The pension related deferred outflows of resources are described in detail in Note 10.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category:

- The City has \$120,919 in pension related items that qualify to be reported in deferred inflows of resources. The pension related deferred inflows of resources are described in Note 10.
- Unavailable revenues arise only under a modified accrual basis of accounting and is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The City has \$2,935,849<sup>4</sup> in notes and loans receivable reported in the Low-Moderate Housing Asset Fund and \$2,225,014 in the Local Transportation Fund reported as deferred inflows of resources reported for unavailable revenues.

### Note 9 - Other Employee Benefits

The City offers medical, dental, vision, chiropractic and prescription insurance coverage, as well as group life insurance coverage, to employees and their dependents. Additionally, the City offers an employee assistance program to assist employees and their families with problem assessment and short-term counseling needs. The City pays a portion of premiums in connection with the insurance coverage offered by the City.

#### City Employee Post Retirement Benefits

In accordance with federal requirements, the City provides its retirees the opportunity to continue enrollment in the City's health insurance program. Premium charges paid by retirees are intended to cover the full cost of benefits provided without cost to the City. For the year ended June 30, 2021, no retirees were enrolled in the health insurance program.

#### Employee Deferred Compensation Plan

The City offers an Employee Deferred Compensation Plan created in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code Section 457 to its employees, allowing them to defer or postpone receipt of income. Amounts so deferred may not be paid to the employee during employment with the City except for a catastrophic circumstance creating an undue financial hardship for the employee.

# CITY OF COALINGA

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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### **Note 9 - Other Employee Benefits (continued)**

Effective January 1, 1999, Federal legislation (Small Business Job Protection Act of 1996) requires the Section 457 plan assets to be placed in trust for the exclusive use of the plan participants and their beneficiaries.

The City's deferred compensation administrator, the International City Managers' Association (ICMA) or Verisight qualifies as the plan trustee to meet Federal requirements. Since the plan assets are no longer considered property and rights of the City, such assets are no longer reflected in the accompanying basic financial statements.

The City also offers to two employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a). All amounts deferred and invested under this plan, with related interest, are the property and rights of the participating employees and, as such, are not reflected in the accompanying basic financial statements.

### **Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan**

#### **California Public Employees' Retirement Plan (CalPERS)**

##### **General Information about the Pension Plan**

*Plan Description* – All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Public Agency Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan (Plan) administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The Plan consists of individual rate plans (benefit tiers) within a safety risk pool (police and fire) and a miscellaneous risk pool (all other.) Plan assets may be used to pay benefits for any employer rate plan of the safety and miscellaneous pools. Accordingly, rate plans within the safety or miscellaneous pools are not separate plans under GASB Statement No. 68. Individual employers may sponsor more than one rate plan in the miscellaneous or safety risk pools. The City sponsors five rate plans (two miscellaneous and three safety.) Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

*Benefits Provided* – CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for the Plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

# CITY OF COALINGA

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

### Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2021 are summarized as follows:

	<u>Miscellaneous Classic</u>	<u>PEPRA Miscellaneous</u>
	Prior to January 1, 2013	On or after January 1, 2013
Hire Date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013
Benefit Formula	2.0% at 55; maximum 2% COLA	2.0% at 62; maximum 2% COLA
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit Payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement Age	55	62
Monthly Benefits, as a % of Eligible Compensation	2.00%	2.00%
Required Employee Contribution Rates	7.00%	6.25%
Required Employer Contribution Rates	10.484%	7.732%
	<u>Safety Classic</u>	<u>PEPRA Safety</u>
	Prior to January 1, 2013	On or after January 1, 2013
Hire Date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013
Benefit Formula	2.0% at 55; maximum 2% COLA	2.0% at 57; maximum 2% COLA
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit Payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement Age	55	57
Monthly Benefits, as a % of Eligible Compensation	2.00%	2.00%
Required Employee Contribution Rates	7.00%	9.50%
Required Employer Contribution Rates	14.810%	11.114%

Beginning in fiscal year 2016, CalPERS collects employer contributions for the Plan as a percentage of payroll for the normal cost portion as noted in the rates above and as a dollar amount for contributions towards the unfunded liability and side fund, if applicable. The dollar amounts are billed on a monthly basis. The City's required contribution for the unfunded liability was \$61,598 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

*Contributions* – Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plan are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

The City's contributions to the plan that were recognized as a part of pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2021 were \$680,415.

# CITY OF COALINGA

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

### Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

#### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

As of June 30, 2021, the City reported a net pension liability for its proportionate share of the Plan of Net Pension Liability:

	Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	
Miscellaneous Plan	\$	438,323
Safety Police & Fire Plan		744,196
Total Net Pension Liability	\$	<u>1,182,519</u>

The City's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, rolled forward to June 30, 2020, using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) for the Plan as of June 30, 2020 and 2021 was as follows:

	<u>Miscellaneous</u>	<u>Safety</u>
Proportion - June 30, 2020	0.007260%	0.007550%
Proportion - June 30, 2021	<u>0.010390%</u>	<u>0.011170%</u>
Change - Increase/(Decrease)	<u>0.003130%</u>	<u>0.003620%</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,182,519. At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 680,415	\$ -
Difference between expected and actual experience	80,297	-
Difference in projected and actual contributions	1,111	(115,313)
Change in employer's proportion	460,957	
Changes in assumptions	-	(5,605)
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	<u>29,196</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 1,251,976</u>	<u>\$ (120,918)</u>

# CITY OF COALINGA

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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### Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

\$680,415 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2022	\$ 241,119
2023	124,128
2024	71,046
2025	14,350
Thereafter	-

### Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2019
Measurement Date	June 30, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 68
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.50%
Payroll Growth	2.50%
Salary Increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Mortality Rate Table	Derived using CalPERS' Membership Date for all Funds
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	Contract COLA up to 2.5% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies

<sup>1</sup> The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the December 2017 experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015) that can be found on the CalPERS website.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation was based on the results of a December 2017 experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015), including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study can be obtained at CalPERS' website.

**Changes of Assumptions** – None.

# CITY OF COALINGA

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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### Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

#### Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for PERF C was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected rate of returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected PERF cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The long-term expected real rates of return by asset class can be found in CalPERS' Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

<u>Asset Class</u> <sup>1</sup>	<u>New Strategic Allocation</u>	<u>Real Return</u> <sup>2</sup> <u>Years 1-10</u>	<u>Real Return</u> <sup>3</sup> <u>Years 11+</u>
Global Equity	50%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Estate	13%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1%	0.00%	-0.92%
<b>Total</b>	<b>100%</b>		

<sup>1</sup>In the System's CAFR, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities, Liquidity is included in Short-term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.

<sup>2</sup>An expected inflation of 2.0% used for this period.

<sup>3</sup>An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

# CITY OF COALINGA

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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### Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

*Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate* – The following presents the City’s proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the City’s proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.15%)	Current Discount Rate (7.15%)	1% Increase (8.15%)
Net Pension Liability:			
Miscellaneous Plan	\$ 1,256,372	\$ 438,323	\$ (237,605)
Safety Police Plan	\$ 1,855,165	\$ 744,196	\$ (167,460)

### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan’s fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

### Payable to the Pension Plan

The City did not have an outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2021.

### Note 11 – Risk Management

The City is a member of the Public Agency Risk Sharing Authority for California (PARSAC), a public entity risk pool in which there is a transferring (sharing) of risk among the pool participants. The City pays an annual premium to PARSAC for its general liability coverage. PARSAC is self-sustaining through member premiums. The City is insured under a retrospectively rated policy in which the initial premium is adjusted based on actual experience during the period of coverage. The City is responsible for all claims up to \$25,000 per occurrence for general and auto liability with a coverage limit at June 30, 2014 of \$975,000.

The City’s risk management program also includes fire, property and automobile insurance. The coverage includes an all risk-replacement cost blanket. Additionally, the City has property insurance coverage up to \$975,000 per occurrence.

The City provides worker’s compensation and employer’s liability coverage on all employees through PARSAC. This insurance is paid entirely by the City. All premiums are paid by the appropriate fund designation for each employee’s salary and benefits. In the risk management program for the City, a proactive approach is taken toward work safety for employees. Various training sessions and inspections are conducted throughout the year. The result has been a continued reduction of work related injury claims.

# CITY OF COALINGA

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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### **Note 12 – Contingent Liabilities and Commitments**

#### **General Liability**

There are various claims and legal actions pending against the City for which no provision has been made in the financial statements. In the opinion of the City Attorney and City Management, liabilities arising from these claims and legal actions, if any, will not be material to these financial statements.

#### **Federal Awards and Grants**

The City has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the federal government. Although such audits could result in expenditure disallowances under grant terms, any required reimbursements are not expected to be material.

### **Note 13 – Subsequent Events**

The City evaluated subsequent events for recognition and disclosure through March 31, 2022, the date which these financial statements were available to be issued. Management concluded that no material subsequent events have occurred since June 30, 2021 that required recognition or disclosure in such financial statements.

### **Note 14 – Deficit Net Position Balance**

The Sanitation Fund and the Gas Tax Fund have deficit net position balances as of June 30, 2021 of \$253,725 and \$12,855, respectively. The deficits are expected to be relieved from future revenues or transfers from the Capital Projects Fund.

### **Note 15 – Expenditures in Excess of Budget**

The General Fund had expenditures in excess of budget of \$159,599 and \$62,583 in the general government and capital outlay appropriation category, respectively. The excess expenditures over budgeted amounts is covered in savings in other appropriation categories.

### **Note 16 – Prior period adjustment**

The Low-Moderate Housing Asset Fund had a prior period adjustment of \$1,500,000 for the understatement of unavailable revenue. The net effect decreased fund balance for the same amount.

### **Note 17 – Coalinga Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust**

On January 30, 2012, the City Council elected to become the Successor Agency for the former redevelopment agency in accordance with Assembly Bill 1X26 (the “Bill”) which dissolved all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. Under the control of an oversight board, remaining assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence at the date of dissolution of the redevelopment agency (including the completion of any unfinished projects that were subject to legally enforceable contractual commitments). Successor agencies are only allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations of the former redevelopment agency until all enforceable obligations of the prior redevelopment agency have been paid in full and all assets have been liquidated.

# CITY OF COALINGA

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

### Note 17 – Coalinga Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust (Continued)

*Cash and Investments* - A reconciliation of the Coalinga Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund’s cash and investments as of June 30, 2021 is as follows:

Fiduciary Funds:	
Cash and Investments	\$ 1,948,192
Cash and Investments with fiscal agent	<u>366,491</u>
Total Cash and Investments	<u>\$ 2,314,683</u>

*Long-Term Liabilities* - The following is a summary of long-term liabilities transactions for the Coalinga Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund at June 30, 2021:

	<u>Balance</u> <u>June 30, 2020</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>(Deductions)</u>	<u>Balance</u> <u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>Current</u>
<b>Bonds Payable</b>					
Series 2000 Tax Allocation Bonds	\$ 619,942	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 619,942	\$ -
Series 2000 Tax Allocation Bonds - Accreted Interest	1,500,774	135,015	-	1,635,789	-
2018 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds	<u>4,506,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(552,000)</u>	<u>3,954,000</u>	<u>570,000</u>
	<u>\$ 6,626,716</u>	<u>\$ 135,015</u>	<u>\$ (552,000)</u>	<u>\$ 6,209,731</u>	<u>\$ 570,000</u>

### 2018 Successor Agency Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds

In 2018, the Successor Agency of the City of Coalinga issued Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds in the aggregate principal amount of \$5,657,000 to refund the 2009 RDA Tax Allocation Bonds and a portion of the 2000 RDA Tax Allocation Bonds. This was done to take advantage of lower interest rates and to save on future debt service payments. As a result, the 2009 RDA Tax Allocation Bonds and a portion of the 2000 RDA Tax Allocation Bonds are considered defeased and the liability for those bonds is not included in fiduciary fund (private-purpose trust fund) statement of net position. The total debt service payments were reduced by \$1,214,868. The original amount of the note - \$5,657,000 – was secured by a pledge of tax revenues consisting of tax increment payments to be received by the Successor Agency. Semiannual payments range from \$7,625 to \$1,213,794 and are payable each March 15 and September 15 through 2025.

The annual debt service requirement schedule is as follows:

Years ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Totals</u>
2022	\$ 570,000	\$ 104,200	\$ 674,200
2023	1,145,000	79,847	1,224,847
2024	1,182,000	46,803	1,228,803
2025	520,000	22,635	542,635
2026	537,000	7,625	544,625
2027-2031	<u>619,942</u>	<u>2,308,248</u>	<u>2,928,190</u>
	<u>\$ 4,573,942</u>	<u>\$ 2,569,358</u>	<u>\$ 7,143,300</u>

**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

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# CITY OF COALINGA

## BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive/ (Negative)
	Original	Final		
<b>Revenue</b>				
Taxes	\$ 5,101,700	\$ 5,101,700	\$ 6,861,075	\$ 1,759,375
Licenses and permits	1,334,574	1,334,574	1,415,422	80,848
Intergovernmental	24,500	24,500	1,161,271	1,136,771
Charges for services	1,742,200	1,742,200	1,909,470	167,270
Fines and forfeitures	15,300	15,300	15,817	517
Interest and rents	98,850	98,850	129,657	30,807
Other	15,650	15,650	90,478	74,828
Total revenue	<u>8,332,774</u>	<u>8,332,774</u>	<u>11,583,190</u>	<u>3,250,416</u>
<b>Expenditures</b>				
Current				
General government	1,096,832	1,096,832	1,256,431	(159,599)
Public works	160,896	160,896	144,178	16,718
Community development	595,988	595,988	473,182	122,806
Public safety	7,179,941	7,179,941	7,024,255	155,686
Capital outlay	60,000	60,000	122,583	(62,583)
Total expenditures	<u>9,093,657</u>	<u>9,093,657</u>	<u>9,020,629</u>	<u>73,028</u>
Revenue over (under) expenditures	(760,883)	(760,883)	2,562,561	3,323,444
<b>Other Financing Sources</b>				
Sale of assets	-	-	27,515	27,515
Transfers in (out) - net	<u>574,087</u>	<u>574,087</u>	-	<u>(574,087)</u>
<b>Net Change in Fund Balance</b>	<u>\$ (947,679)</u>	<u>\$ (186,796)</u>	2,590,076	<u>\$ 2,776,872</u>
<b>Fund Balance</b>				
Beginning of year			<u>9,843,672</u>	
End of year			<u>\$ 12,433,748</u>	

# CITY OF COALINGA

## SCHEDULE OF CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) LAST 10 YEARS\* YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Safety						
	Proportion of the net pension liability	Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	Covered - employee payroll	Proportionate share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered-employee payroll	Plan's fiduciary net position	Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2015	-0.00040%	\$ (24,764)	\$ 2,141,042	-1.16%	\$ 3,526,312	100.77%
2016	-0.00261%	\$ (179,376)	\$ 2,145,722	-8.36%	\$ 3,880,421	104.85%
2017	0.00303%	\$ 156,661	\$ 2,248,951	6.97%	\$ 4,428,175	96.58%
2018	0.00515%	\$ 307,854	\$ 2,285,727	13.47%	\$ 5,183,451	94.39%
2019	0.00507%	\$ 297,259	\$ 2,079,202	14.30%	\$ 6,052,001	95.32%
2020	0.00755%	\$ 471,246	\$ 1,921,567	24.52%	\$ 6,969,329	93.67%
2021	0.01117%	\$ 744,196	\$ 2,620,397	28.40%	\$ 7,436,506	90.90%

Miscellaneous						
	Proportion of the net pension liability	Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	Covered - employee payroll	Proportionate share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered-employee payroll	Plan's fiduciary net position	Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2015	-0.00254%	\$ (157,918)	\$ 2,675,362	-5.90%	\$ 2,916,022	105.73%
2016	-0.00774%	\$ (212,430)	\$ 2,524,649	-8.41%	\$ 4,271,137	105.23%
2017	0.00230%	\$ 79,836	\$ 2,485,868	3.21%	\$ 4,393,422	98.22%
2018	0.00520%	\$ 205,163	\$ 2,514,668	8.16%	\$ 4,798,406	95.90%
2019	0.00420%	\$ 158,391	\$ 2,185,347	7.25%	\$ 5,039,017	96.95%
2020	0.00726%	\$ 290,630	\$ 2,160,485	13.45%	\$ 5,377,986	94.87%
2021	0.01039%	\$ 438,323	\$ 2,251,865	19.46%	\$ 5,708,927	92.87%

### NOTES TO SCHEDULE

**Changes in Benefit Terms** – None

\* Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation; therefore only seven years are shown.

# CITY OF COALINGA

## SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS LAST 10 YEARS\* YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Safety							
	Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	Contributions deficiency (excess)		Covered-employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	
2015	\$ 403,029	\$ (403,029)	\$ -	\$	2,141,042	18.82%	
2016	\$ 230,903	\$ (230,903)	\$ -	\$	2,145,722	10.76%	
2017	\$ 255,938	\$ (255,938)	\$ -	\$	2,248,951	11.38%	
2018	\$ 243,442	\$ (243,442)	\$ -	\$	2,285,727	10.65%	
2019	\$ 260,592	\$ (260,592)	\$ -	\$	2,079,202	12.53%	
2020	\$ 239,528	\$ (239,528)	\$ -	\$	1,921,567	12.47%	
2021	\$ 315,713	\$ (239,528)	\$ -	\$	2,620,397	12.05%	

Miscellaneous							
	Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	Contributions deficiency (excess)		Covered-employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	
2015	\$ 278,931	\$ (278,931)	\$ -	\$	2,675,362	10.43%	
2016	\$ 165,587	\$ (165,587)	\$ -	\$	2,524,649	6.56%	
2017	\$ 200,782	\$ (200,782)	\$ -	\$	2,485,868	8.08%	
2018	\$ 194,921	\$ (194,921)	\$ -	\$	2,514,668	7.75%	
2019	\$ 177,734	\$ (177,734)	\$ -	\$	2,185,347	8.13%	
2020	\$ 207,624	\$ (207,624)	\$ -	\$	2,160,485	9.61%	
2021	\$ 224,127	\$ (224,127)	\$ -	\$	2,251,865	9.95%	

\* Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation; therefore only seven years are shown.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

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# CITY OF COALINGA

## BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COALINGA PUBLIC FINANCING AUTHORITY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive/ (Negative)
	Original	Final		
<b>Revenue</b>				
Interest	\$ 1,008,556	\$ 1,008,556	\$ 491,721	\$ (516,835)
Total revenue	<u>1,008,556</u>	<u>1,008,556</u>	<u>491,721</u>	<u>(516,835)</u>
<b>Expenditures</b>				
Current				
General government	-	-	463,722	(463,722)
Debt Service				
Principal	665,000	665,000	12,640,000	(11,975,000)
Interest and fiscal charges	<u>642,840</u>	<u>642,840</u>	<u>1,241,151</u>	<u>(598,311)</u>
Total expenditures	<u>1,307,840</u>	<u>1,307,840</u>	<u>14,344,873</u>	<u>(12,573,311)</u>
Revenue over expenditures	(299,284)	(299,284)	(13,853,152)	(13,553,868)
<b>Other Financing Sources/(Uses)</b>				
Bond proceeds	-	-	19,324,615	19,324,615
Transfers in/(out) - net	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>322,012</u>	<u>322,012</u>
<b>Change in Fund Balance</b>	<u>\$ (299,284)</u>	<u>\$ (299,284)</u>	5,793,475	<u>\$ 6,092,759</u>
<b>Fund Balance</b>				
Beginning of year			<u>18,629,898</u>	
End of year			<u>\$ 24,423,373</u>	

# CITY OF COALINGA

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds						
	Grants Fund	Gas Tax	SB1 RMRA Fund	Measure C	Local Transportation	Transit	CalTrans Grants Fund
<b>ASSETS</b>							
Cash and investments	\$ 81,034	\$ 19,962	\$ 748,976	\$ 1,350,704	\$ 442,834	\$ -	\$ -
Accounts receivable, net	-	-	-	-	-	550	-
Interest receivable	-	-	153	322	89	-	-
Due from other governments	26,082	-	61,102	89,160	2,255,014	52,603	775,732
Total assets	<u>\$ 107,116</u>	<u>\$ 19,962</u>	<u>\$ 810,231</u>	<u>\$ 1,440,186</u>	<u>\$ 2,697,937</u>	<u>\$ 53,153</u>	<u>\$ 775,732</u>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>							
Accounts payable and accrued expense	\$ 21,799	\$ 32,817	\$ 489,715	\$ 323,115	\$ 254	\$ 3,591	\$ 424,916
Deposits and claims payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	-	30,740	214,852
Advances from other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	<u>21,799</u>	<u>32,817</u>	<u>489,715</u>	<u>323,115</u>	<u>254</u>	<u>34,331</u>	<u>639,768</u>
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>							
Unavailable revenues	-	-	-	-	2,255,014	-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,255,014</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>FUND BALANCE</b>							
Restricted							
Debt service	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital improvement projects	85,317	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transit system	-	-	-	-	-	18,822	-
Street maintenance	-	-	320,516	1,117,071	-	-	135,964
LTF Article 8	-	-	-	-	442,669	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Economic development	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Low-income housing activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	-	(12,855)	-	-	-	-	-
Total fund balance	<u>85,317</u>	<u>(12,855)</u>	<u>320,516</u>	<u>1,117,071</u>	<u>442,669</u>	<u>18,822</u>	<u>135,964</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	<u>\$ 107,116</u>	<u>\$ 19,962</u>	<u>\$ 810,231</u>	<u>\$ 1,440,186</u>	<u>\$ 2,697,937</u>	<u>\$ 53,153</u>	<u>\$ 775,732</u>

See accompanying notes.

# CITY OF COALINGA

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds			Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Non-major Governmental Funds
	COPS Grants	EDA Building Rentals	EDA Revolving Loans	Development Impact Fees	Assessments Debt Service	
<b>ASSETS</b>						
Cash and investments	\$ 227,583	\$ 50,465	\$ 59,673	\$ 707,685	\$ 96,830	\$ 3,785,746
Accounts receivable, net	-	9,021	-	-	-	9,571
Interest receivable	46	11	13	96	20	750
Due from other governments	61,285	-	-	-	-	3,320,978
Total assets	<u>\$ 288,914</u>	<u>\$ 59,497</u>	<u>\$ 59,686</u>	<u>\$ 707,781</u>	<u>\$ 96,850</u>	<u>\$ 7,117,045</u>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>						
Accounts payable and accrued expense	\$ 9,824	\$ -	\$ -	150	\$ 50	\$ 1,306,231
Deposits and claims payable	-	5,300	-	-	-	5,300
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	-	245,592
Unearned revenues	-	6,662	-	-	-	6,662
Advances from other funds	-	-	-	378,000	-	378,000
Total liabilities	<u>9,824</u>	<u>11,962</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>378,150</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>1,941,785</u>
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>						
Unavailable revenues	-	-	-	-	-	2,255,014
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,255,014</u>
<b>FUND BALANCE</b>						
Restricted						
Debt service	-	-	-	-	96,800	96,800
Storm drainage and flood control	-	-	-	308,775	-	308,775
Streets and bridges	-	-	-	93	-	93
Public building and facilities	-	-	-	79,229	-	79,229
Park improvements	-	-	-	188,993	-	188,993
Capital improvement projects	-	-	-	-	-	85,317
Transit system	-	-	-	-	-	18,822
Street maintenance	-	-	-	-	-	1,573,551
LTF Article 8	-	-	-	-	-	442,669
Law enforcement	279,090	-	-	-	-	279,090
EDA Community buildings	-	47,535	-	-	-	47,535
EDA revolving loans	-	-	59,686	-	-	59,686
Unassigned	-	-	-	(247,459)	-	(260,314)
Total fund balance	<u>279,090</u>	<u>47,535</u>	<u>59,686</u>	<u>329,631</u>	<u>96,800</u>	<u>2,920,246</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	<u>\$ 288,914</u>	<u>\$ 59,497</u>	<u>\$ 59,686</u>	<u>\$ 707,781</u>	<u>\$ 96,850</u>	<u>\$ 7,117,045</u>

See accompanying notes.

# CITY OF COALINGA

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds						
	Grants	Gas Tax	SB1 RMRA	Measure C	Local Transportation	Transit	CalTrans Grants Fund
<b>Revenue</b>							
Intergovernmental	\$ 408,532	\$ 392,674	\$ 335,308	\$ 546,891	\$ -	\$ 301,465	\$ 851,427
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-	8,889	-
Rental	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	126	-	1,171	10,857	984	-	-
Total revenue	<u>408,658</u>	<u>392,674</u>	<u>336,479</u>	<u>557,748</u>	<u>984</u>	<u>310,354</u>	<u>851,427</u>
<b>Expenditures</b>							
Public works	25,120	304,754	-	294,233	193,694	303,852	-
Community development	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety	110,331	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	304,597	4,940	720,542	609,655	27,643	-	715,463
Debt service							
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	<u>440,048</u>	<u>309,694</u>	<u>720,542</u>	<u>903,888</u>	<u>221,337</u>	<u>303,852</u>	<u>715,463</u>
<b>Change in Fund Balance</b>	(31,390)	82,980	(384,063)	(346,140)	(220,353)	6,502	135,964
<b>Fund Balance</b>							
Beginning of year	116,707	(95,835)	704,579	1,463,211	663,022	12,320	-
End of year	<u>\$ 85,317</u>	<u>\$ (12,855)</u>	<u>\$ 320,516</u>	<u>\$ 1,117,071</u>	<u>\$ 442,669</u>	<u>\$ 18,822</u>	<u>\$ 135,964</u>

# CITY OF COALINGA

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds			Capital Projects Funds	Debt Service Fund	Total Non-major Governmental Funds
	COPS Grants	EDA Building Rentals	EDA Revolving Loans	Development Impact Fees	Special Assessments Debt Service	
<b>Revenue</b>						
Intergovernmental	\$ 161,285	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,475	\$ 3,017,057
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-	8,889
Rental	327	79	94	1,115	157	1,772
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	13,138
Total revenue	<u>161,612</u>	<u>79</u>	<u>94</u>	<u>1,115</u>	<u>19,632</u>	<u>3,040,856</u>
<b>Expenditures</b>						
Public works	-	-	-	11,445	-	1,133,098
Community development	-	-	-	20,469	545	21,014
Public safety	107,885	-	-	-	-	218,216
Capital outlay	5,851	-	-	8,873	-	2,397,564
Debt service						
Principal	47,178	-	-	-	19,000	66,178
Interest and fiscal charges	3,621	-	-	-	2,525	6,146
Total expenditures	<u>164,535</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>40,787</u>	<u>22,070</u>	<u>3,842,216</u>
<b>Change in Fund Balance</b>	(2,923)	79	94	(39,672)	(2,438)	(801,360)
<b>Fund Balance</b>						
Beginning of year	<u>282,013</u>	<u>47,456</u>	<u>59,592</u>	<u>369,303</u>	<u>99,238</u>	<u>3,721,606</u>
End of year	<u>\$ 279,090</u>	<u>\$ 47,535</u>	<u>\$ 59,686</u>	<u>\$ 329,631</u>	<u>\$ 96,800</u>	<u>\$ 2,920,246</u>

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER  
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS  
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED  
IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS***

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council  
City of Coalinga, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Coalinga, California, (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 31, 2022.

**Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City's internal control.

*A deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. *A material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

**Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be 'Kendall J. [unclear]', written in a cursive style.

March 31, 2022

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR  
EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE  
REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE**

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council  
City of Coalinga, California

**Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited the City of Coalinga's (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the City's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2021. The City's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

**Management's Responsibility**

Management is responsible for compliance with the federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

**Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

**Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

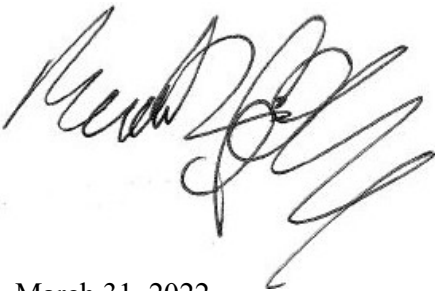
## Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

*A deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be 'Michael J. [unclear]', written in a cursive style.

March 31, 2022

# CITY OF COALINGA

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Agency or Pass-through Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Passed through from the California Department of Transportation			
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	HSIPL-5146 (014)	\$ 280,222
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	CML-5146 (022)	62,168
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	CML-5146 (021)	500
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	STPL-5146 (019)	23,939
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	STPL-5146 (024)	443,509
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	STPL-5146 (025)	211,796
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	STPL-5146 (028)	26,899
			<u>1,049,033</u>
U.S. Department of Treasury			
Passed through the State of California Department of Finance			
COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019		<u>105,861</u>
<i>Total Federal Expenditures</i>			<u><u>\$ 1,154,894</u></u>

# CITY OF COALINGA

## NOTES SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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### **Note 1 – Significant Accounting Policies**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) presents the activity of all federal award programs of the City of Coalinga, California (the City). Federal awards received directly from federal agencies as well as federal awards passed through other nonfederal agencies, primarily the State of California, are included in the SEFA. The City's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the City's basic financial statements.

### **Note 2 – Basis of Accounting**

The accompanying SEFA is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting for grants accounted for in the governmental fund types and the accrual basis of accounting for grants accounted for in the proprietary fund types, as described in Note 1 to the City's basic financial statements. The information in the SEFA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) part 200 *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the SEFA may differ from amounts presented in the basic financial statements.

### **Note 3 – Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) Numbers**

The CFDA numbers included in the accompanying SEFA were determined based on program name, review of grant contract information, and the Office of Management and Budget's Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance.

### **Note 4 – Relationship to the Financial Statements**

Expenditures of federal awards are reported in the City's basic financial statements as expenditures/expenses in the General Fund, nonmajor special revenue funds, nonmajor capital project funds, and the enterprise funds.

### **Note 5 – Indirect Cost Rate**

The City did not elect to use the 10% de minimus cost rate as covered in 2 CFR §200.414.

# CITY OF COALINGA

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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### A. Summary of Auditor's Results

#### *Financial Statements*

Type of auditor's report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

- Material weaknesses identified?  Yes  No
- Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?  Yes  None reported
- Non-compliance material to financial statements noted?  Yes  No

#### *Federal Awards*

Internal control over major programs:

- Material weaknesses identified?  Yes  No
- Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?  Yes  None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

Yes  No

#### *Identification of Major Programs*

**CFDA Number**

**Name of Federal Program or Cluster**

20.205

Highway Planning and Construction

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:

\$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Yes  No

**CITY OF COALINGA**

**SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS  
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021**

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None.